2013 Water Management Workshop Series

ING EVER

Metropolitan Planning Council



Chicago Metropolitan Agency for Planning



Managing Indoor and Outdoor Water Use– July 31, 2013

Course ID 7255



Workshop series overview

Give conservation coordinators tools to educate and encourage customers to conserve water by emphasizing the importance of conservation and the role it plays in utility management, regulations and ordinances, water and revenues.

- **1.** May 29: Utility planning and asset management
- **2.** June 26: Regulations and ordinances
- **3.** July 31: Indoor and outdoor water use
- 4. August 28: Water rates and revenue





Key takeaways

- 1. Understand the role of managing indoor and outdoor water use in water conservation and sustainable water management.
- 2. Design customer water conservation programs to be cost-effective and targeted for the most impact.
- 3. Learn how to prioritize and track the performance of water conservation initiatives.
- 4. Become familiar with existing resources to help water utilities encourage water conservation by their customers.





Importance of Indoor and Outdoor Water Conservation

Jared Teutsch, Alliance for the Great Lakes





DuPage Water Commission is Preserving Every Drop

The Importance of Indoor and Outdoor Water Conservation in the Great Lakes

Jared Teutsch Water Policy Advocate jteutsch@greatlakes.org



The Alliance at a Glance

Mission

To conserve and restore the world's largest freshwater resource using policy, education and local efforts, ensuring a healthy Great Lakes and clean water for generations of people and wildlife.

Supporters

More than 12,000 supporters throughout the region back the Alliance's efforts in a variety of ways.

Why Now?

The Great Lakes contain nearly 20 percent of the earth's surface fresh water, providing drinking water to more than 40 million people. Threats to the Great Lakes today are many, however, ranging from pollution and invasive species to wasteful water use and climate change. All demand our attention and commitment.



Sustainable water use





More than 30 million people living in the Great Lakes basin rely on the lakes for drinking water.

A one-time gift from the glaciers, the Great Lakes form the largest surface freshwater system on earth -- **a vast but largely non-renewable resource**. As the pressure on fresh water mounts around the world, the Alliance is working to ensure that these waters are maintained and protected.



Great Lakes – St. Lawrence River Basin Water Resources Compact: Summary

- Binding agreement ratified between the states to protect water resources against diversions and excessive withdrawals
- Three implementation deadlines (two have passed)
 - By December 2010, each state must developed water conservation goals and objectives.
 - By December 2011, each state must report water use baseline data.
 - By December 2013, all states must have implemented all the requirements of the Compact- including water withdrawal permitting programs.



Indoor and Outdoor Conservation Strategies

- Illinois is unique in its consumption of water from the Great Lakes basin with a cap on total amount
 - Developing strategies that target indoor and outdoor use are highly beneficial for controlling consumption
 - Collaboration with businesses, universities and nonprofits
 - Other states are taking the lead but where?
 - Using water?
 - Conservation?
 - Protection & Restoration of the resource?



Indoor Water Use: Is it conservation or efficiency?

- Efficiency of appliances is the top driver for reducing indoor water use nation-wide
 - New efficient appliances reduce water use by almost 50%
 - Water audits and rebate programs produce significant water savings
 - Local ordinances can mandate appliance replacement
 - Is it the same for residential and commercial?



Water Efficiency – Rebate and Replace

- Mandatory Toilet Replacement:
 - Solutions:
 - Increase toilet rebates
 - Require all properties to bring plumbing fixtures up to plumbing code on transfer of title
 - Require all properties to bring plumbing fixtures up to code upon transfer/creation of utility account
 - Require all Multi-family and Commercial properties built before 1992 to bring plumbing fixtures up to plumbing code standards



Outdoor Water Use Strategies

- Utilities (water & energy production) require large amounts of water for municipal supply and energy creation.
 - The water-energy nexus is the challenge facing most utilities today
 - Large amounts of water are needed for energy production (especially cooling towers) yet large amounts of energy are needed to treat, move and supply clean water
 - Challenge: aging infrastructure must be confronted and fixed. We must also look to dual use and reuse of water (remove the term "wastewater")



Outdoor Water Use Strategies

- The full hydrologic cycle, particularly stormwater runoff, needs to be considered and managed
- Engage landscapers with water conservation landscaping – utilize certification
- Minimize water use for irrigation
 - Install smart technology
 - Limit irrigation to twice a week or every third day



What is the role of regulation/governance?

- What have states done to promote water sustainability?
 - Great Lakes Compact creates a level playing field
 - Overall Great Lakes states have not done a good job on water conservation
 - The impacts of water use can only be considered at a local level
- Develop technical assistance
 - States have flexibility to customize programs
- Financial assistance with water infrastructure
- Local municipalities are leading in sustainability initiatives



POLICY RECOMMENDATIONS

- To comply with the Great Lakes Compact, Illinois should develop a water conservation and efficiency program that targets water use for all users, across multiple sectors.
- 2. Development of tools for users in a water-rich region should be a priority.





Learn more about the Alliance: <u>www.greatlakes.org</u>

LIKE us on Facebook: <u>www.facebook.com/allinaceforthegreatlakes</u>

Follow us on Twitter: <u>www.twitter.com/a4gl</u>



Questions?

Jared Teutsch Water Policy Advocate jteutsch@greatlakes.org



Identifying and Prioritizing Top Water Users and How to Work with Commercial and Industrial Customers on Managing Water Use

Karl Johnson, MWH Global





DuPage Water Commission is Preserving Every Drop

Developing Strategies To Improve Non-Residential Water Efficiency



BUILDING A BETTER WORLD

Non-Residential Customers

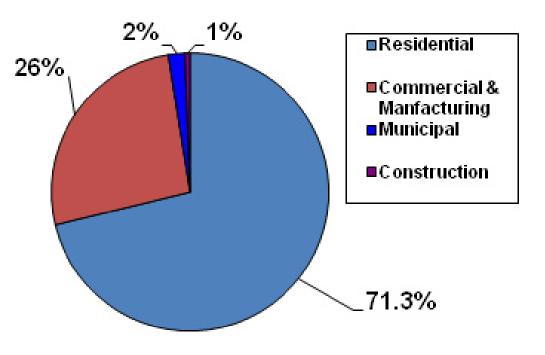
- Typically 30% of utility water demands
- Fewer customers only 10%
- Higher demands per customer
- Potential higher water savings per customer
- Can represent significant financial savings for customers
- Increasing trend of sustainability/water awareness for businesses

Difficulty in programs

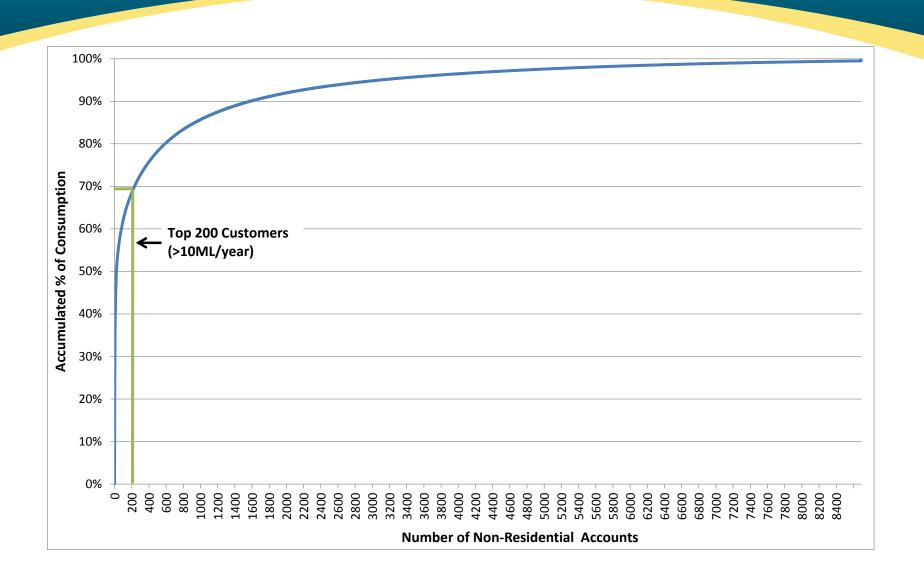
- High variability in customer types
 - Long-list of subsectors in this sector (commercial, industrial, outdoor) with varying end uses
- Variability in water demands
 - Large customers
 - Medium
 - Small
- Loss in water utility income
- Uptake/implementation by customers high resistance to change, often do not benchmark so unaware of potential savings

Non-Residential Customer Categories

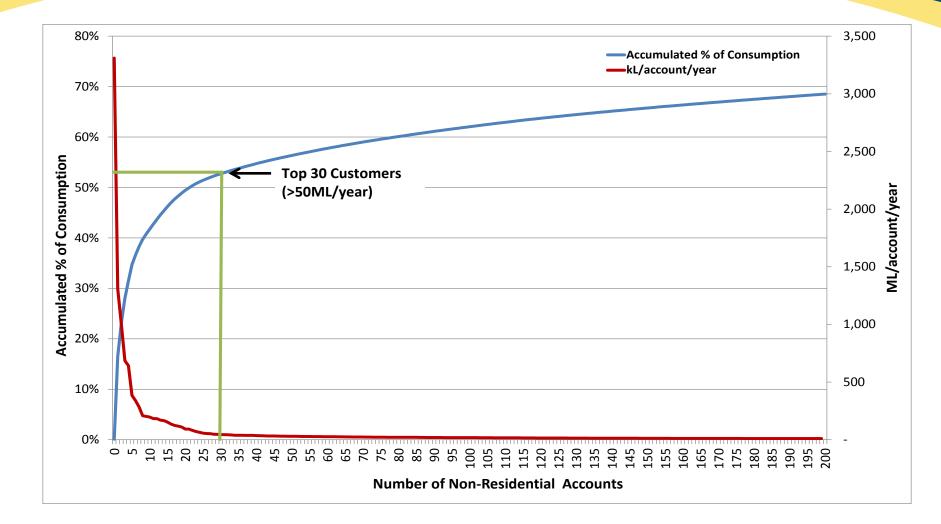
- Facility types include:
 - Office buildings
 - Hospitals
 - Hotels
 - Restaurants
 - Educational
 - Industrial



Large Customers > 2 MG/year



Major Users > 10 MG/year



Potential demand management programs

- Retrofit and rebate
- Regulations
- Educational programs
- Source substitution
- Water pricing adjustments

Retrofits, rebates and regulations

- Customers offered opportunity to replace existing water-using fixtures and appliances
 - Trigger-spray nozzles
- Regulations water using appliances are regulated to ensure water efficient

Education Programs

- Change of behaviors through education and increased awareness
- Customers encouraged to voluntarily practice water efficiency
- Example: LEED Certification

Source Substitution

- Alternative water supply to supplement non-drinking water demands:
 - Rainwater harvesting
 - Stormwater harvesting
 - Wastewater recycling
 - Process water reuse

Water pricing

- Pricing should be set to promote water conservation
- Customers should not pay less per gallon for using more water
- Tier water price for using over a set limits increased charge

Typical customer analysis

- Determine historic water consumption
- Group according to demands
 - Major Top users >10 MG/year
 - Large between 2 and 10 MG/year
 - Medium size between 0.5 to 2 MG/year
 - Small less than 2 MG/year
- Categorize by customers type:
 - Commercial
 - Industrial
 - Municipal
 - Other

Benchmarking

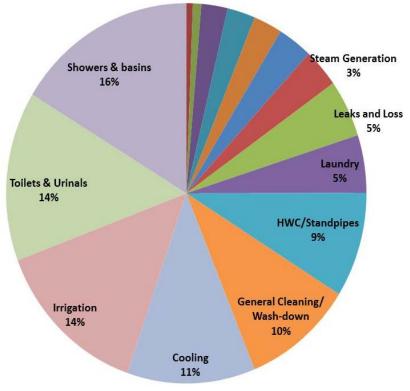
• Benchmarking - KPI for each customer basis unit of unit per Commercial Activity Measure (CAM)

- i.e. # of hotel rooms, floor space

- Need additional info from customers floor space, production, hotel rooms, etc. Not all businesses willing to give information.
- Customer water savings potential identified as "high", "average" or "low"

End-use Assessment

- End-use assessment of customers to identify and target specific water uses
- Based data on different categories
- Used to calculate potential savings



Program Analysis

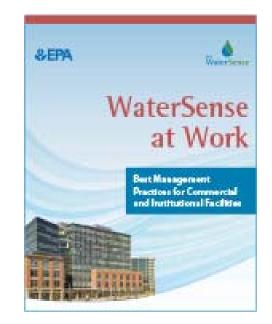
- Cost benefit analysis to evaluate programs:
 - Water savings calculated to forecast the impact of programs on future water consumption
 - Program costs estimated to assess the feasibility and cost effectiveness of each shortlisted programs
 - Overall ranking of programs based on volumetric cost effectiveness (\$/gal)
 - Potential energy savings
 - Implementation risks
 - Considered cost to both the utility and customer

Demand management programs considered

- Water savings audits for major users subsidies to promote implementation
- Cooling tower audits for large customers
- Fixture replacement i.e. pre-rinse spray valves
- Water conservation toolkits for industry and enduses
- Smart metering for large customers

EPA WaterSense

- www.epa.gov/watersense/commercial
- WaterSense at Work document
- Best management practices
- Fact sheets for various building types. Includes:
 - Water use breakdown
 - Water saving tips
- Additional resources



Alliance for Water Efficiency

- Resource library for a range of commercial and industrial activities
- Information on commercial and industrial water use and conservation savings
- Links to the latest research and information
- <u>www.allianceforwaterefficiency.org</u>

Sydney Water Corporation

- Sydney Water's Every Drop Counts Business
 Program targeted non-residential customers using
 > 50 ML/year
 - Saved 22,500 ML over 10 years
 - 10 times greater savings than any other non-residential SWC program
- Best practice guidelines (commercial buildings, shopping centres, aquatic centres, irrigation)
- <u>www.sydneywater.com.au</u>

Queensland Water Commission

- Queensland Water Commission WEMP program 70% of water savings by targeting large customers (> 20 ML/year)
- Cooling tower efficiency requirements
- Best practice guidelines (commercial washers, car wash, hotels, playing surfaces irrigation)

Conclusions

- Non-residential customers present high savings through minimal effort: fewer accounts, higher consumption per account
- Large customers should be targeted in any program
 biggest bang for the buck for the first instance
- "Wide-net" approach for medium and smaller customers

Thank You!

Questions?

Karl.Johnson@mwhglobal.com

How to Work With Residential Users on Managing Indoor and Outdoor Water Use

Karl Johnson and Hillary Homes, MWH Global





DuPage Water Commission is Preserving Every Drop

Home Water Audits



BUILDING A BETTER WORLD

Introduction

- Home water audits are a simple program you can set up to improve water efficiency for residential customers
- Purpose: To determine: present water uses, loses and conservation practices
- <u>http://www.preservingeverydrop.org/EducationandR</u>
 <u>esources/WaterCalculator/tabid/101/Default.aspx</u>

Step 1: Gather Existing Info

- Water bills
- Calculate daily use in gallons/day
- Info on household (occupants, hours, size)
- Compare to benchmark data
- Seasonal variation (summer peak)

Step 2: Perform the water audit

- Catalog water-using devices: number and type of each fixture
- Calculate flow rate for each device
- Multiple flow rate by how many times/length each device is used
- Note any leaks and try to determine how much water is loss
- Check to see if any unknown leaks turn off all water using fixtures and check to see if water meter "spins"

Step 3: Analyze audit results

- Determine how and where water is used in the house
- Identify areas where you can save water
- Help calculate cost of water leaks and water savings
- Determine savings new conservation measures will provide
- Calculate payback period for water efficiency measures

Calculator on DWC web-site

http://www.preservingeverydrop.org/EducationandRe sources/WaterCalculator/tabid/101/Default.aspx

Thank You!

Questions?

Karl.Johnson@mwhglobal.com

DuPage Water Commission 2013 Water Management Workshop Series - Workshop #3 July 31, 2013

Water Bill Legibility





- Frame the discussion dream vacation
- Purpose of a water bill
- Barriers to understanding
- Reframing Line Items
- Goals for bills



Dream Vacation?

- Budget
- Increases financial



Purpose of a Water Bill

- Currently: collect revenues, let people know how much water they used
- Opportunity to communicate



What do you want to communicate?

- Special events
- Water related issues: RPZ, flushing programs, etc
- Use compared to other customers
- Proactive customer service approaches, rebate programs
- What else is included in the bill
- Funds distribution



Barriers to Understanding Bills

- Billing units
- Not bothering to look at it
- Property owners get the bill but the users do not
- Cubic feet vs. gallons
- A month's worth of water use vs. how much water is actually coming out of the tap
- Aversion to math
- Wording of charges
- Reaching all users



Reframing Line Items

Base Rate

Units (100s cf)

Capital Improvements

Water

Sewer

Stormwater

- Water Availability (?); Connection charge; Minimum Rate
- Uniformity; Example somewhere on the bill
- Maintenance; System Improvements/Upgrades; Where is the revenue going?; Water Security; Infrastructure replacement
- Use or Consumption; add bar graph; comparison
- Water Reclamation; Collection and Treatment
- Property Runoff; Flood Control; Maintenance



UNDERSTANDING YOUR NEW UTILITY BILL UTILITY BILL Village of Downers Grove

1.100 - 1.	
Willage of	۱
DOWNERS	l
GROVE	l
POInterio en 1812	L

801 Burlington Ave. Downers Grove, IL 60515 www.downers.us

OTIEN	
Account Number:	C.1234.5678.91
Customer Name:	CUSTOMER 1
Service Address	1234 MAIN ST
Billing Date:	6/29/2012

7/23/2012

SAMPLE

	- aston is and
2	Billing Dat
	Due Date:

. [Service Period		Read Date	No. of Days	Meter R	eading	Consur	nption	History
		1			Previous	Current	Current	_	Last Year
·	4/25/2012 to 6/26/20	12	6/24/2012	63	1172	1191	19	3	14

ACCOUNT SUMMARY Previous Balance Payment – Thank You (4/4/2012)		87.78 -87.78
WATER Bi-Monthly Water Fixed Charge: Current Water Usage Charges: Subtotal Water Charges:	Meter Size: 5/8"	9.31 78.47 87.78
STORMWATER Bi-Monthly Stormwater Utility Fee:	Parcel (ERU 0901234567 (1.00)	16.80
Subtotal Stormwater Charges:	5	16.80
TOTAL AMOUNT DUE: Due Date	Ju	104.58 ly 23, 2012



Description		Rate per 1,000 gals	Prese Read D	nt P ate Re	Previous ead Date	Present Meter Reading	Previous Meter Reading	Read Code	Usage	Charge
WATER		5.7	5 03/04/20	013 02	/05/2013	72127	72127	A		5.75
SEWER		2.8	5 03/04/20	013 02	/05/2013					2.85
CAPITAL IMPROVEMENTS		1.9	5 03/04/20	013 02	/05/2013					1.95
RED TAG FEE	orreato		03/15/20	013 02	/19/2013					15.00
WATER TURN ON FEE			03/15/20	013 03	/07/2013					25.00
						E.				
Last Payment Amo	unt		L		ment Date			An	nount Due	
50.55				03/14	4/2013				\$.00	2
HISTORY PERIOD CURR 02/13	01/13	12/12		10/12	09/12	08/12 07/1	2 06/12	05/12	04/12	03/12
BILLED USAGE 0 311	0	0	35	0	21	0 3	0	0	12	0

SPECIAL MESSAGES:

GO GREEN!! REQUEST UTILITY E-BILLS FROM THE VILLAGE AT WWW.ROSELLE.IL.US/PAYMENTS.

* READ CODE:

A ACTUAL READ

C CUSTOMER READ

E ESTIMATED READ F FINAL READ

0 OTHER READ

S METER EXCHANGE





METER READ INFORMATION

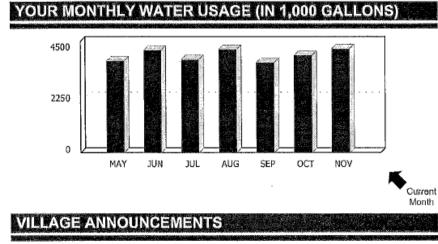
Current Reading	Previous Reading	Usage
250060	245860	4200

CURRENT CHARGES

Service Description	Amount
WATER	32.59
SEWER	26.67
TOTAL CURRENT CHARGES	59.26

Billing Inquires? Water Billing Department: (630) 933-7112 Office Hours: Monday - Friday 8:00 am - 4:30 pm

WINFIELD IL 60190-1934



TOTAL CURRENT CHARGES	59.26
AMOUNT DUE	
PAST DUE	0.00
TOTAL CURRENT CHARGES	59.26
TOTAL AMOUNT DUE BY 12/05/11	59.26
TOTAL AMOUNT DUE AFTER 12/05/11	59.26



Water Bill Goal

- Use water efficiently
- Communicate with customers well
- Raise awareness of water use
- Conservation tips
- Give customers tools to see benefits of conservation



Questions/Discussion

Hillary Holmes hillary.holmes@mwhglobal.com



Credit: Goetz, Melanie. "Framing transparency: Crafting the utility bill to promote the real value of water." Journal AWWA. August 2012. 70-72.

Program Design and Performance Tracking for Water Conservation Initiatives

Bill Christiansen, Alliance for Water Efficiency





DuPage Water Commission is Preserving Every Drop

AWE Water Conservation Tracking Tool: Planning and Evaluating Cost-Beneficial Water Conservation Programs

Bill Christiansen Program Planner



A VOICE AND A PLATFORM PROMOTING THE EFFICIENT AND SUSTAINABLE USE OF WATER



Household Water Calculator 2.0 Available

AWE has released an updated version of its Household Water Calculator, now adapted for water users in Canada using Canadian postal codes and climate data. The new calculator is also more accurate, compatible with tablets and smart phone use, and offers



faster load times and a more intuitive interface to provide a more seamless experience for users. Learn more here.

AWE & ACEEE Report on Water-Energy Nexus Research Needs

AWE and its partner the American Council for an Energy-Efficient Economy have released a report, Water-Energy Nexus Research: Recommendations for Future Opportunities, which assesses existing research on this nexus and identifies priority research areas for investments to enhance integrated resource management and support overall efficiencies. Learn more here.

Texas Governor Signs Landmark Water Legislation

The Texas Assembly has passed and Governor Perry of Texas has signed House Bill 4, a bill which is a milestone for water conservation policy. The \$2 billion fund supports various water supply projects and includes 20 percent (\$400 million) slated for water conservation and

	Cal	lend	lar (of E	vents
--	-----	------	-------	------	-------

8/20/2013	AWE Water-Energy Nexus Webinar
8/23/2013	7th Annual San Bernardino County Water Conference
9/18/2013	Wisconsin Water Association Annual Conference & Expo
9/23/2013	USWA: One Water Leadership Summit
9/24/2013	Energy & Environmental Building Alliance: Excellence in Building Conference & Expo

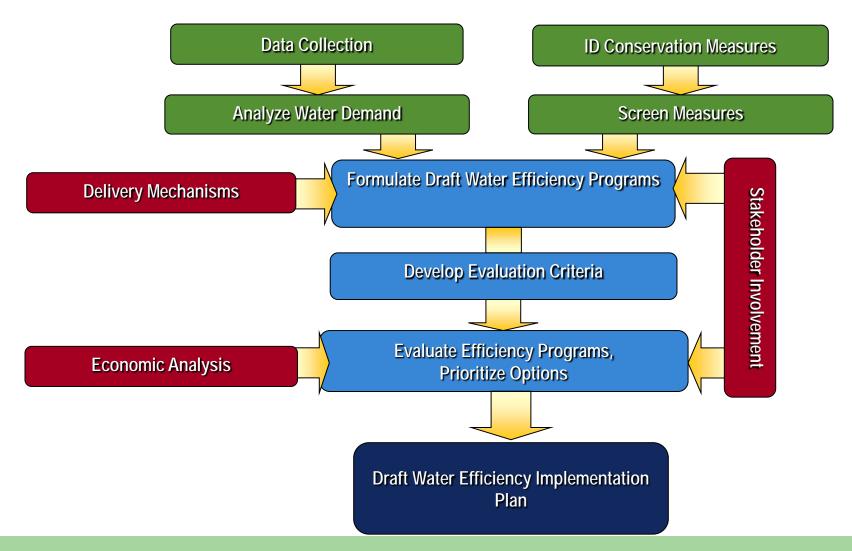
How Much Water Do You Use?



Click Here to Learn More

Latest Information Water Efficiency Watch Newsletter - July 2013 Colorado River Basin Water Supply & Demand Study Released JOBS BOARD

Constructing a Water Efficiency Plan



Source: A & N Technical Services, Inc.

AWWARF Project 2935: Water Efficiency Programs for Integrated Water Management



AWE CONSERVATION TRACKING TOOL

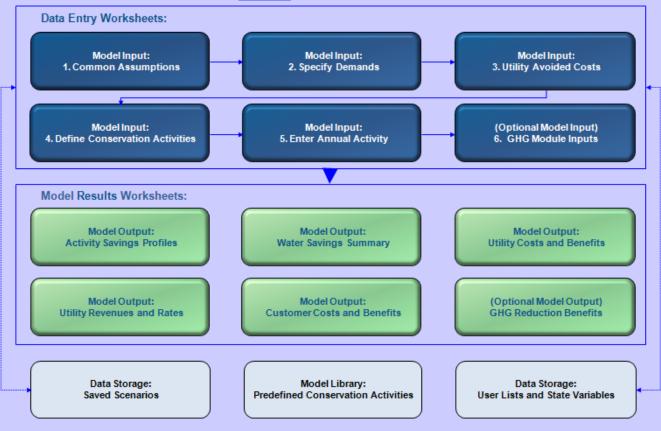
Version 2.0, Standard North American Edition

About Tracking Tool

Getting Started:

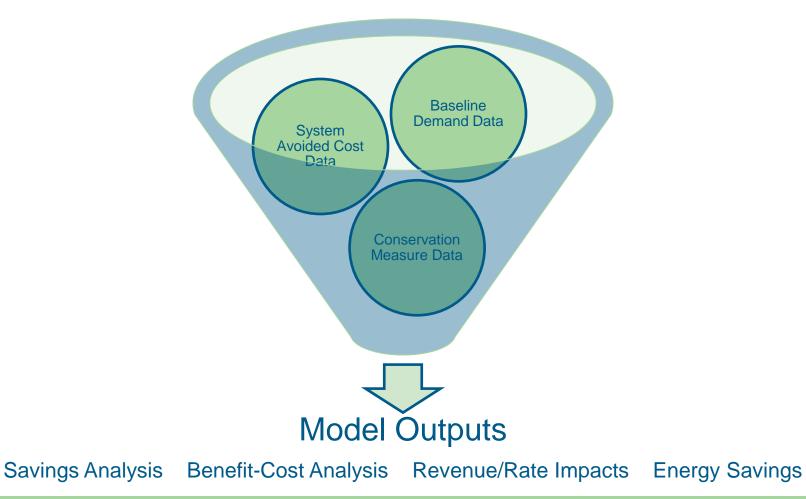
1. The model uses a simple worksheet tab color code:

- Blue Tabs 😑 User Data Entry
- Green Tabs = Model Outputs/Results
- Grey Tabs = Data Storage and Library
- 2. First provide informaton about your system, customers, and water demands. This is done on data entry worksheets 1 thru 3.
- 3. Next define or import conservation activities and set their annual activity levels. This is done on data entry worksheets 4 and 5.
- 4. You can save conservation activity scenarios at any time. You access the scenario manager on the Common Assumptions worksheet.
- 6. You can navigate to model worksheets by clicking on the model schematic below or by clicking on the worksheet tabs at the bottom of the screen.
- 7. Data entry cells on input worksheets look like this: <u>www.xxx</u> <u>Only enter data in cells with this color coding.</u>



Model Navigation Worksheet

Tracking Tool Inputs and Outputs



Common Assumptions

AWE CONSERVATION TRACKING TOOL: COMMON ASSUMPTIONS WORKSHEET

Irrigation

ENTER COMMON ASSUMPTIONS:	Manage	Scenarios					Last Loaded			
							"Sample Scena			
Analysis Start Year	2008	2010	2020	2030	2040		Last Saved S	cenario:		
Service Area Population	350,000	355,000	365,000	380,000	395,000		"Sample Scena	rio (English (
Service Area Population in 1990	300,000									
Peak-Season Start Date ('month/day')	31-May		CHOOSE V	OLUME UN	NITS:		Return to Naviga	ation Sheet		
Peak-Season End Date ('month/day')	31-Oct		Water Volume U	nits		1	Report Error			
Nominal Interest Rate	6.00%		O Million Gallon	e (MG)						
Inflation Rate	3.00%		C Million Gallon	is (HO)						
Year in which to Denominate Costs & Benefits	2010		Acre-Feet (A	AF)						
Persons Per Household - SF	2.25		O Million Cubic	Maters (MCM)						
Persons Per Household - MF	1.50		O Million Cubic	meters (memy						
Full Bathrooms Per Household - SF	1.75		Flow Units	Will Be:	MGD]				
Half Bathrooms Per Household - SF	0.75	Show Bathroom								
Full Bathrooms Per Household - MF	1.00	Lookup Table		S	elect Water	User Classes				
Half Bathrooms Per Household - MF	0.25				Class Names		Selected	d Classes		
SF Housing Units Built before 1994	100,000				Single Family	/		: Family	-	
SF Housing Units Built <i>before 1994</i> MF Housing Units Built <i>before 1994</i>	100,000 50,000				Multi Family		Multi I	: Family Family	Movello	
			SELECT REGIO	DN:	Multi Family Residential CII			Family	Move Up	ОК
MF Housing Units Built before 1994	50,000		SELECT REGIO	DN:	Multi Family Residential		Multi I CII	Family	Move Up Move Down	OK
MF Housing Units Built <i>before</i> 1994 Reference ET (inches/yr)	50,000 57.33			DN:	Multi Family Residential CII Commercial Industrial Institutional Irrigation		Multi I CII Irriga	Family		OK Cancel
MF Housing Units Built <i>before 1994</i> Reference ET (inches/yr) Avg. Annual Rainfall (inches/yr)	50,000 57.33			<u></u>	Multi Family Residential CII Commercial Industrial Institutional		Multi I CII Irriga	Family	Move Down	
MF Housing Units Built <i>before 1994</i> Reference ET (inches/yr) Avg. Annual Rainfall (inches/yr) SELECT CUSTOMER CLASSES: Select Water User Classes	50,000 57.33			DN:	Multi Family Residential CII Commercial Industrial Institutional Irrigation		Multi I CII Irriga	Family	Move Down	
MF Housing Units Built before 1994 Reference ET (inches/yr) Avg. Annual Rainfall (inches/yr) SELECT CUSTOMER CLASSES:	50,000 57.33 7.67 Cust		US-West ates (2010 Doll	ars)	Multi Family Residential CII Commercial Industrial Institutional Irrigation Other		d >	Family	Move Down	
MF Housing Units Built before 1994 Reference ET (inches/yr) Avg. Annual Rainfall (inches/yr) SELECT CUSTOMER CLASSES: Select Water User Classes ENTER UTILITY RATE INFORMATION:	50,000 57.33 7.67 Cust Water Rates	Sewer Rates	US-West ates (2010 Doll Electric Rates	ars) Gas Rates	Multi Family Residential CII Commercial Industrial Institutional Irrigation Other Water Rates	Ad Nominal Rate Sewer Rates	d > Multi I CII Irriga	Family tion Gas Rates	Move Down	
MF Housing Units Built before 1994 Reference ET (inches/yr) Avg. Annual Rainfall (inches/yr) SELECT CUSTOMER CLASSES: Select Water User Classes ENTER UTILITY RATE INFORMATION: Water User Classes in Model	50,000 57.33 7.67 Cust Water Rates (\$/Thou Gal)	Sewer Rates (\$/Thou Gal)	US-West ates (2010 Doll Electric Rates (\$/KWh)	ars) Gas Rates (\$/Therm)	Multi Family Residential CII Commercial Industrial Institutional Irrigation Other Water Rates (%/Yr)	Ad Nominal Rate Sewer Rates (%/Yr)	d > Multi I CII Irriga of Increase Electric Rates (%/Yr)	Family tion Gas Rates (%/Yr)	Move Down	
MF Housing Units Built before 1994 Reference ET (inches/yr) Avg. Annual Rainfall (inches/yr) SELECT CUSTOMER CLASSES: Select Water User Classes ENTER UTILITY RATE INFORMATION: Water User Classes in Model Single Family	50,000 57.33 7.67 Cust Water Rates (\$/Thou Gal) \$2.50	Sewer Rates (\$/Thou Gal) \$0.70	US-West ates (2010 Doll Electric Rates (\$/KWh) \$0.15	ars) Gas Rates (\$/Therm) \$1.50	Multi Family Residential CII Commercial Industrial Institutional Irrigation Other Water Rates (%/Yr) 3.0%	Ad Nominal Rate Sewer Rates (%/Yr) 3.0%	d > Multi I CII Irriga d > Eof Increase Electric Rates (%/Yr) 3.3%	Family tion Gas Rates (%/Yr) 3.3%	Move Down	
MF Housing Units Built before 1994 Reference ET (inches/yr) Avg. Annual Rainfall (inches/yr) SELECT CUSTOMER CLASSES: Select Water User Classes ENTER UTILITY RATE INFORMATION: Water User Classes in Model	50,000 57.33 7.67 Cust Water Rates (\$/Thou Gal)	Sewer Rates (\$/Thou Gal)	US-West ates (2010 Doll Electric Rates (\$/KWh)	ars) Gas Rates (\$/Therm)	Multi Family Residential CII Commercial Industrial Institutional Irrigation Other Water Rates (%/Yr)	Ad Nominal Rate Sewer Rates (%/Yr)	d > Multi I CII Irriga of Increase Electric Rates (%/Yr)	Family tion Gas Rates (%/Yr)	Move Down	

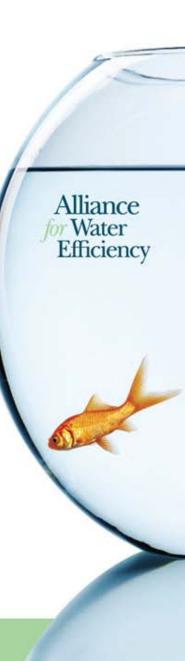
Baseline Demands

- Two Data Entry Options
 - Enter or link to an existing demand forecast
 - Use model to grow current demand by population
- Plumbing/Energy Code Adjustment
 - Model can adjust for impact of existing plumbing/energy codes as necessary
- Demand Disaggregation
 - Peak/Off Peak Seasonal Demands
 - Customer Class Disaggregation

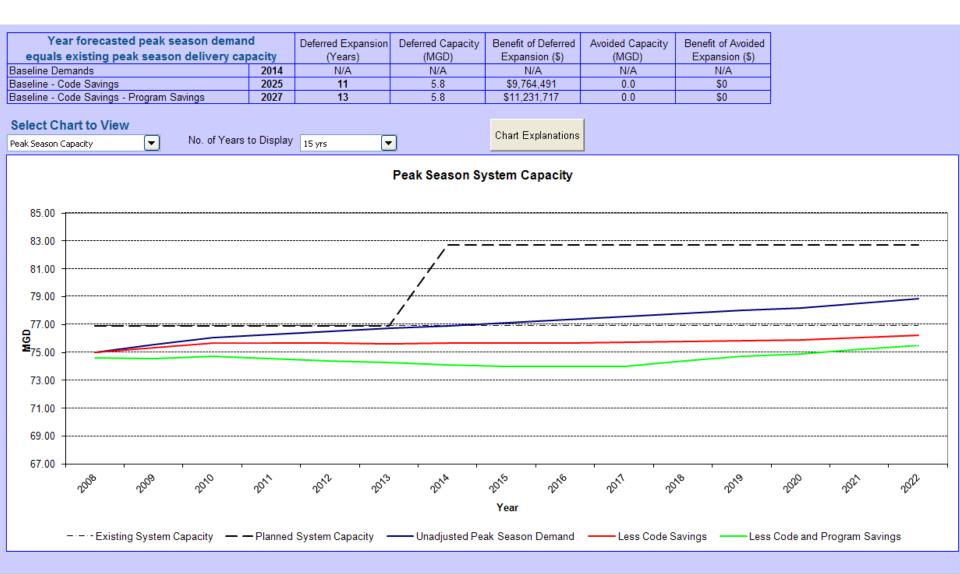


Avoided Costs

- Two Data Entry Options
 - Enter or link to an existing avoided cost forecast
 - Use model's avoided cost calculator
- Model's Avoided Cost Calculator
 - Short-run avoided O&M
 - Water Supply
 - Wastewater Treatment
 - Long-run avoided or deferred capacity
 - Calculates present value of delaying and/or downsizing peak season capacity expansion



Capacity Deferral Analysis



Setting Up Conservation Measures

Alliance

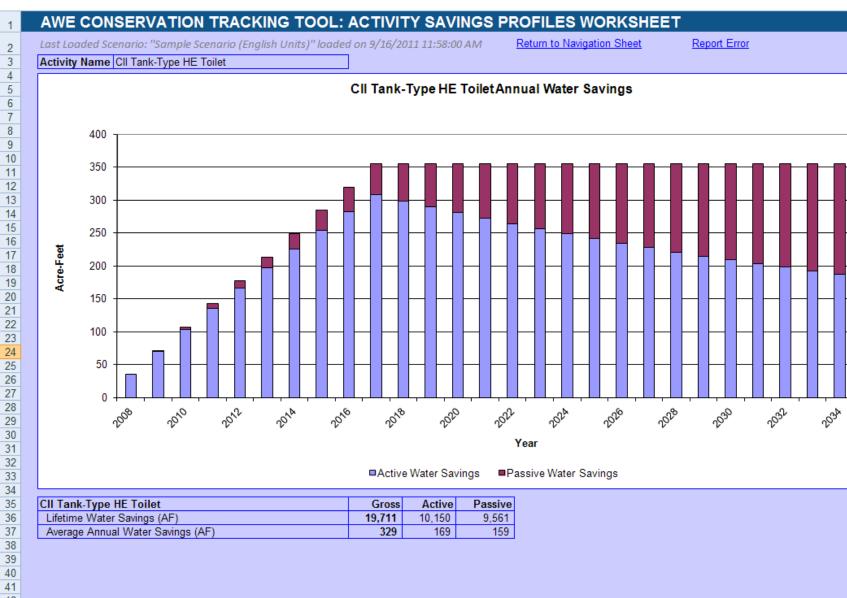
Water Efficiency

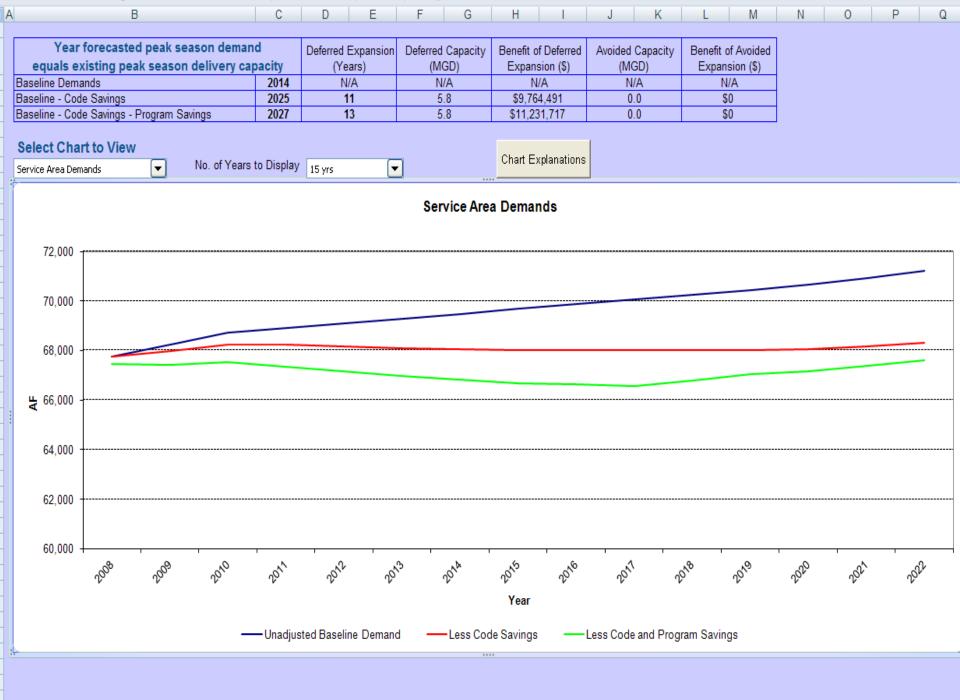
- Two Specification Options
 - o Build from scratch
 - Import pre-defined measures from library
 - Pre-defined measures can be customized
- Library currently includes 25 measures
 - 13 residential measures
 - o 8 CII measures
 - 4 large landscape measures

Defining a New Conservation Measure

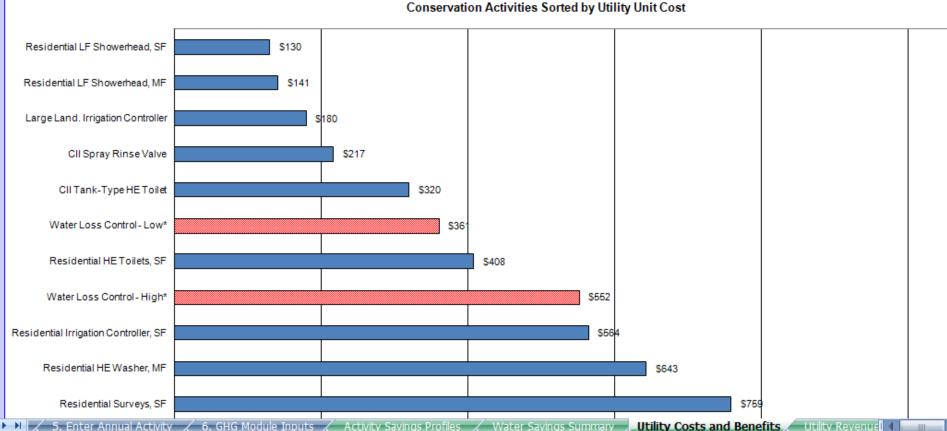
AWE CONSERVATION TRACKING TOOL: DEFINE CONSERVATION ACTIVITIES WORKSHEET												
Last Loaded Scenario: "Sample Scenario (English Units)" loaded on 9/16/2011 11:58:00 AM Return to Navigation Sheet Re								Report Error	Report Error			
Define Conservation Program Activities												
	Define/Edit/Delete Conservation Activities	Hide Tal	ole of Activit	ies in Mod	el							
Warning: Only use the form to edit or delete activities. Editing/deleting activities directly in the table may result in model errors!										• • •	· · · · ·	-
				Caulings			Caudinara				Utility Costs	
			Savings,	Savings, Annual	Savings, Peak	Savings,	Savings, Participant Free	Utility Costs,	Utility Costs,	Utility Costs, Initial	Utility Costs, Years of	Utility
Activity			Per Unit	Rate of	Period (% of	Useful Life		Year	Initial Fixed	Variable	Follow-up	Follo
ID	Activity Name	Class	(gpy)	Decay (%)	Annual Savings)	(yrs)	Participants)	Denominated	(\$)	(\$/unit)	(yrs)	Fixed
1	Residential Surveys, SF	Single Family	12373							\$95.00	(1.5)	
2	Residential HE Toilets, SF			•		-						
3	CII Tank-Type HE Toilet	Define Conse	rvation Ac	tivities								×
4	Residential Irrigation Controller, SF											_
5	Large Land. Irrigation Controller	Activity Name: Residential HE Toilets, SF										
6	Residential LF Showerhead, SF							-			Import an Activity from	
7	Residential LF Showerhead, MF	Affected Customer Class: Single Family					Activity from the Library					
8	Residential HE Washer, SF											
9	Residential HE Washer, MF											
10	Cll Spray Rinse Valve	Unit Water Savings Utility Costs Participant Costs Participant Non Water Benefits Plumbing Code										
11											Close Form	
12												
13												
14		Unit Water Savings (Gal/Yr):				9,072.0				- E		1
15		Unic water Savings (Gai) (r):				,	_				Previous Activit	γ
16 17		Annual Rate of Savings Decay (%/Year):				0.00%				-		_
17		+					-				Next Activity	
10		Peak Period Savings (% of Annual):				41.92%	Peak days = 42%	of days in a year.		-		
20		-										-
20		Useful Life (Years):									New Activity	
22					0.00%				_			
23		Participant Freeriders (% of Participants):			0.00 %					Delete Activity	,	
24		1								_		
25												
26											2 of 10	
27		i ———									20110	
20												

Activity Savings Profile Worksheet









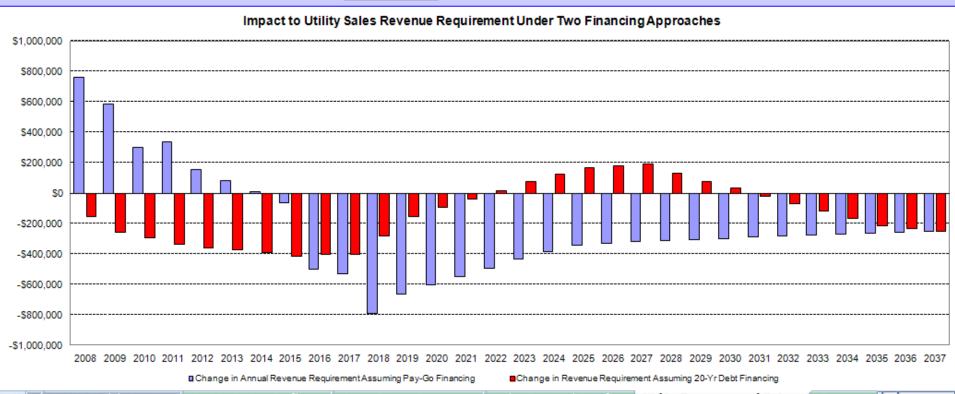
B C D	E	F	G	Н	1	J	К	L	M	N	0
AWE CONSERVATION TRACKIN	G TOOL: L	JTILITY RE	VENUES	& RATE	S WORK	SHEET					
Last Loaded Scenario: "Sample Scenario (English Units)" loaded on 9/16/2011 11:58:			58:00 AM			Return to Navi	igation Sheel	t	Report Error		
Utility Revenue Requirement and Ra	ate Impacts										
Program Impact on	Baseline	With Conserv.	Change to Baseline								
Water Utility Annual Sales Revenue Requirement	49,742,591	\$49,562,581	(\$180,010)								
% change from baseline			-0.36%								
Avg. Water Rate (\$/Thou Gal)	\$2.17	\$2.29	\$0.13								
% change from baseline			5.86%								
Annualized Bill Impact (\$/Mo.)	46.86	\$46.69	(\$0.16)								
% change from baseline			-0.35%								

Select Impact Chart to View

▣

Revenue Requirement

Chart Explanations



AWE CONSERVATION TRACKING TOOL: GHG MODULE INPUTS WORKSHEET

Last Loaded Scenario: "GHG Scenario" loaded on 4/19/2011 6:11:20 PM

Return to Navigatio

Select eGRID Region:

In which eGRID Region are you located? (See map)	RFCE	
Average Generation Emission Rates	lb/MWhr	
CO2	1,139	
CH4	0.03027	
SO ₂	7.7918	
NO _x	1.6307	
N ₂ O	0.01871	
Hg	0.0000387	

Energy Used for Water Supply and Wastewater Treatment:

Average Energy Intensity For:	KWh/AF		
Water Supply Withdrawal, Treatment, and Distribution	2,200		
Wastewater Pumping and Treatment	850		

Tables for Estimating Water and Wastewater Embedded Energy

Water Supply, Treatment, and Distribution Energy Intensity Default Values

		% of Local
Local Water Supply Sources	KWh/AF	Supply
Local Surface Water	222	40%
Groundwater	624	40%
Brackish Desalination	528	0%
Recycled Water	730	10%
Seawater Desalination	4,497	10%
	Total:	100%

Average Energy Intensity of Local Water Supply

Imported Water Supply Sources	KWh/AF	Default Value	
Select the imported water energy intensity level	High		
Average Energy Intensity of Imported Water Supply		2,473	KWh/AF
Imported Water Supply as % of Total Supply	40%		
Local Water Supply as % of Total Supply	60%		

Average Energy Intensity per AF of Total Supply

->-



Imported Water Energy Intensity Key

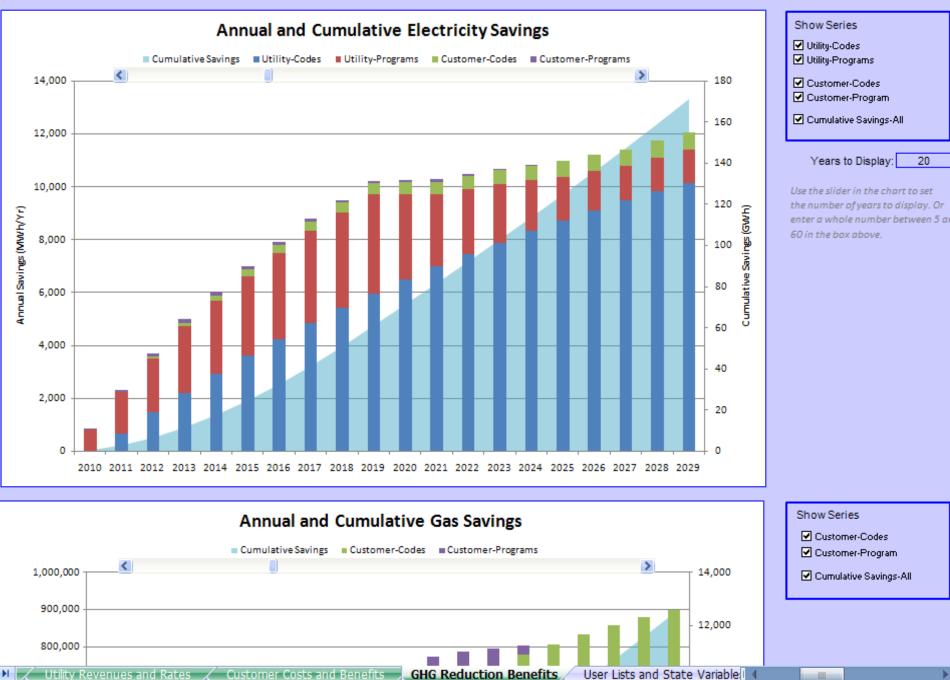
<u>Low</u> - Transmission mostly via gravity with limited pumping. More likely raw than i <u>Moderate</u> - Some transmission pumping required. Source may be groundwater. High - Transmission involves significant pumping. Source may be groundwater.

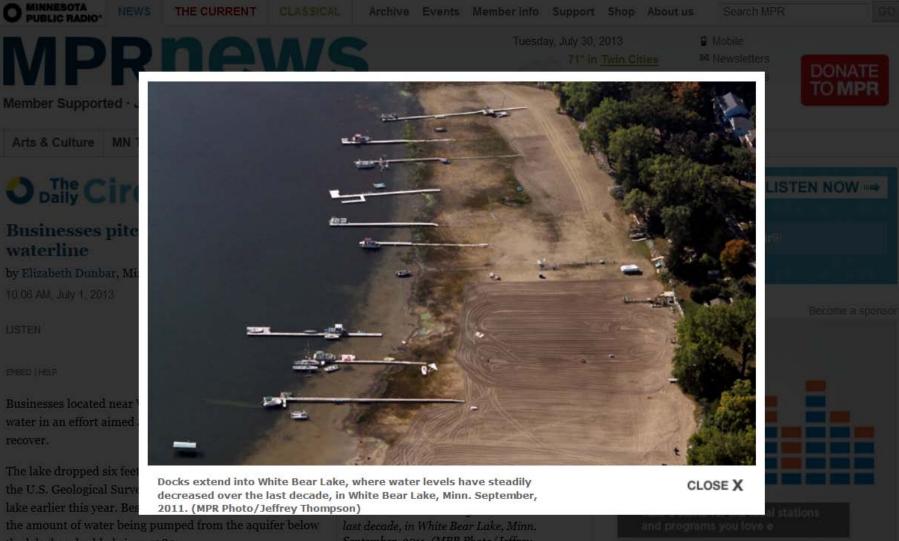
861 KWh/AF

1,506 KWh/AF

% of Total Supply







White Bear Area Chamber of Commerce President Scott Mueller said a group of local leaders concerned about the lake came up with six options for restoring the lake. Conservation was the one solution that didn't require expensive changes to infrastructure, he said.

"When you start talking about conservation, it's not really very exciting. And everybody always thinks, well if I conserve but my neighbor doesn't, then what I do is just a drop in the bucket.

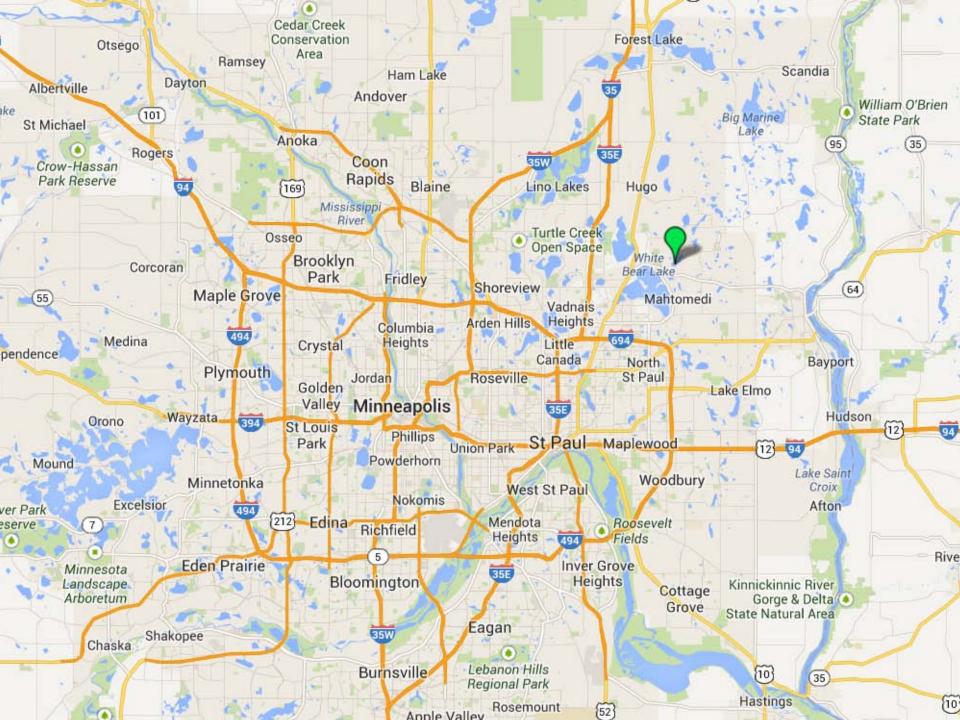
ast decade, in White Bear Lake, Minn September, 2011. (MPR Photo/Jeffrey Chompson)

AUDIO

Businesses pitch in to slow White Bear Lake's plunging waterline (program audio)

On the radio

Scott Mueller: President, White Bear Area Chamber of Commerce



Alliance for Water Efficiency

A VOICE AND A PLATFORM PROMOTING THE EFFICIENT AND SUSTAINABLE USE OF WATER

www.a4we.org

(773) 360-5100 CHICAGO

Discussion: Internal & External Communications and Outreach Strategies

Abby Crisostomo, Metropolitan Planning Council





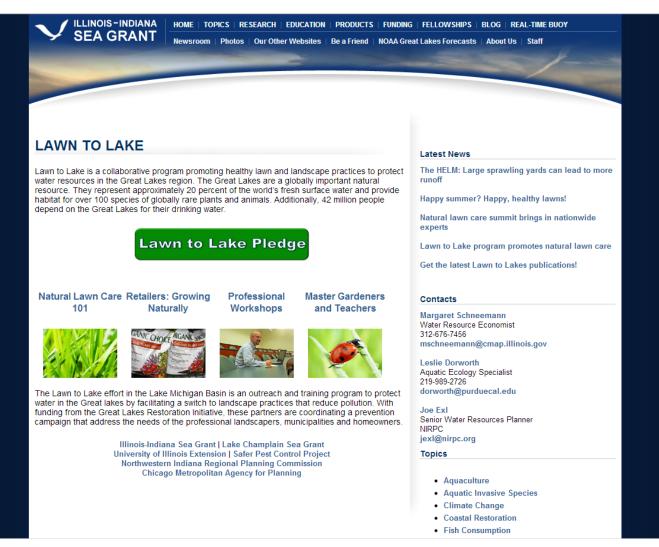
DuPage Water Commission is Preserving Every Drop

Water Conservation and Protection Program (WCAPP), DuPage Water Commission





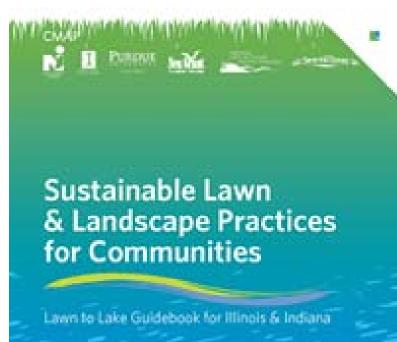
Lawn to Lake, Illinois-Indiana Sea Grant







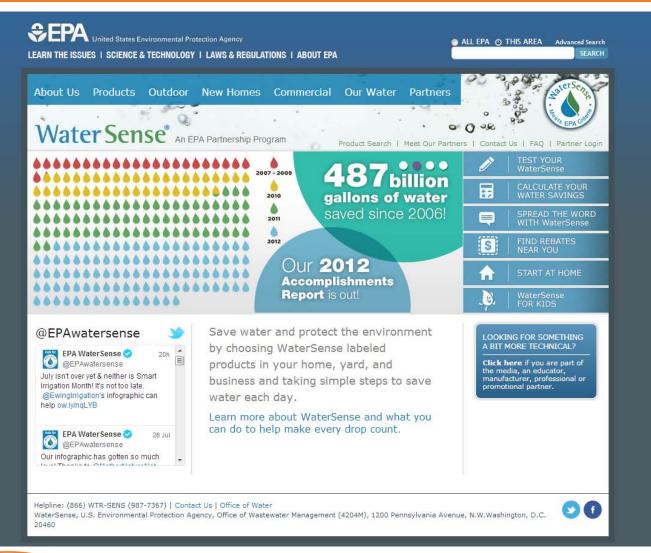
Sustainable Lawn & Landscape Practices for Communities, Illinois-Indiana Sea Grant







WaterSense, U.S. EPA







Never Waste, Alliance for Water Efficiency



NEVER WASTE: Take a shorter shower. Each minute you cut back saves 8 of these bottles.

IT ENTERTAINS. IT INFORMS. CAnd on year. IT HYDRATES.

Get the Bottle That Will Change The Way You Think About Water.

Join the Blue Revolution and get the Never Waste water bottle from the Alliance for Water Efficiency to show your support for wise water use. Each purchase advances critical work to help water-stressed North American communities and businesses conserve water. This high-quality, 20 ounce, stainless steel, BPA-free, double-walled, vacuum insulated bottle helps you stay hydrated and educated with fun facts about the amount of water we waste for the low price of \$19.95. Stay in touch by scanning the QR-code, which will keep you informed with the latest tips on smart water use.

Interested in more information on the Never Waste campaign itself and on customized, bulk purchases of the bottles? Click here.

Water is Limited. Never Waste. Know Your Water Footprint.



Help Change The Way America Thinks.



What Our Water's Worth, MPC



openlands



From Lake Michigan to the Fox River, how we use our water resources including what we conserve, how much we waste, and what we choose to invest in water quality—is up to all of us. What Our Water's Worth is an ongoing campaign led by the Metropolitan Planning Council and Openlands to raise awareness about the value of water in northeastern Illinois and northwestern Indiana.

Water stories

OUR

WATER'S

How can we advance the Great Lakes region over the next

100 years? Five experts weigh in

By Rachel Carnahan, videos by Ryan Griffin-Stegink In 100 years—2113—the Chicago region is sure to be a dramatically different place. People, technology and even our changing climate will reinvent our city and region, perhaps several times over. Lake Michigan will be among the few constants. Yet even "our" Great Lake will undergo shifts. Skidmore, Owings & Merrill's (SOM) Great Lakes Century initiative calls for a comprehensive 100-year vision for the Great Lakes region. Metropolitan Planning Council (MPC) jumped at the opportunity to contribute by submitting our own ideas for what Chicago and the Great Lakes should look like in 100 years to SOM's Great Lakes, Great People series. We wer... **Continue »**

Read more water stories »

The WOWW factors

95,000 42 SQUARE MILES of the Earth are covered by the Great Lakes dr drinking water 4th LARGEST GDP where the Great Lakes region would rank globally if

it were a nation



Where does the water go?: A visit with the water level wizards at the Metropolitan Water Reclamation District



It's not easy selling green (infrastructure)

Metropolitan Planning Council



The Twelve Months of Water Stories



How soon is now? The future of water reuse becomes reality at an Oak Park home



Seizing the Rain in Blue Island



Lurie Garden thrives in drought, pointing at-home green thumbs to native plants

Turf's up: Maintaining a healthy lawn during drought





Other resources?









Resource List

 Water Conservation and Protection Program (WCAPP), *DuPage Water* Commission

http://preservingeverydrop.org/

• Lawn to Lakes, *Illinois-Indiana Sea Grant*

http://www.iisgcp.org/l2l/index.html

 Sustainable Lawn & Landscape Practices for Communities Manual, Illinois-Indiana Sea Grant

http://www.iiseagrant.org/catalog/l2l/guidebook.html

• WaterSense, U.S. Environmental Protection Agency

http://www.epa.gov/watersense/

• Never Waste, Alliance for Water Efficiency

http://www.home-water-works.org/neverwaste/

Water Conservation Tracking Tool, Alliance for Water Efficiency

http://www.allianceforwaterefficiency.org/Tracking-Tool.aspx



What Our Water's Worth, *Metropolitan Planning Council* <u>http://www.chicagolandh2o.org/</u>



DuPage Water Commission is Preserving Every Drop

Wrap-up, Questions, Announcements



Metropolitan **Planning** Council



Chicago Metropolitan Agency for Planning



Jenessa Rodriguez <u>Rodriguez@dpwc.org</u> Terry McGhee <u>McGhee@dpwc.org</u> John Spatz <u>Spatz@dpwc.org</u>

Abby Crisostomo <u>acrisostomo@metroplanning.org</u> Josh Ellis jellis@metroplanning.org

Erin Aleman ealeman@cmap.illinois.gov

Hilary Holmes <u>Hillary.Holmes@us.mwhglobal.com</u> Karl Johnson <u>Karl.Johnson@us.mwhglobal.com</u>



DuPage Water Commission is Preserving Every Drop

Workshop 4: Water Rates and Revenue

Aug. 28, 2013, 8:30 am to noon, DuPage Water Commission

- Financing options for water infrastructure investments
 - Traditional Options: Gerry Bakker and Andy Bielanski, U.S. EPA
 - Innovative options: Ted Hamer, KPMG
- Role of rates and full-cost pricing in conservation and water supply management
 - Margaret Schneemann, Illinois-Indiana Sea Grant/Chicago Metropolitan Planning Council
 - Effects of conservation on revenue, savings from avoided costs and implementing new rates
 - Interactive discussion: attendees bring in water rates, pumpage by user by month and capital improvement plans.



